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## ACADEMY FOR

## GROWN HORSEMEN;

CONTAINING THE

## COMPLETEST INSTRUCTIONS



TOTHE

## RIGHTHONOURABLE

## Lord Vifcount Townshend,

GENERAL of his MAJESTY's FORCES,
A N D
Colonel of the Queen's Regiment of DRAGOON GUARDS.
$T$. your Lordfhip, as commanding a regiment of cavalry, a Treatife of Horfemanfhip comes immediately in the line of your profeffion; I, therefore, humbly conceive, that confideration alone, would autho-

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\text { iv } \quad D \quad E \quad D \quad I \quad C A T I S O N \text {. }
$$

authorife me with propriety to requeft your patronage and protection for this my adopted foundling; to which petition I am further induced by the patriotic hopes of being ufeful to my country: for having, with regret, obferved, that both your Lordfhip, and the corps under your command, if one may judge by appearances, are totally ignorant of the graces and fuperior advantages attending Mr. Gambado's fyftem, I have flattered myfelf, that on a perufal of it, you will not only adopt it yourfelf, but alfo ufe your intereft
to introduce it into the fervice.What might not be expected from the Britifh Cavalry thus improved?

I might here enter into a train of common-place compliments, and flourifh away on the laurels your LordShip might by this means gathere, in addition to thole already acquired; but I will not offend your delicacy: betides, laurel is a tree not cultivated in there piping times of peace ; I hall therefore conclude this epiftle with my fincere wifhes, that your Lordfhip may long, very
long,
vi D E D I C A T I O N.
long, in health and fpirits, enjoy your BAYS.

I am,
With the greateft Re/pect,

## Your Lordship's

Moft obedient

## Humble Seruant,

September 1 ft, 1787.

## The Editor.

THE EDITO R has to lament that the firt pages of our Author's work, are amongft thofe miffing, but as the Author himfelf, in his Preface, feems to have arranged his fring of inftructions, the Editor thinks himfelf jufified in placing thofe firf - that relate to the choice of a horfe.

## FRAGMENT

 OFTHE
## AUTHOR'S PREFACE.

HERE needs no apology for
putting forth this little volume; there would, on the other hand, need many for with-holding it from the publick. Philanthropy has induced me to make known to the world, the following rules; by obferving which alone, horfemanA
fhip
vi $\quad \mathrm{FRAGMENT}$ Of
fhip may become a fafe and pleafing amulement: and I doubt not, but every true judge of the noble art, will acknowledge the excellence of my inftructions; and every true lover of it applaud my public fpirit, in circulating them abroad for the benefit of mankind at large.

I have had fome difficulty in fixing upon a title for my work: A Vade Mecum is quite hacknied out: A School is become, of late years, a term, entirely applied to comedies; and for Every Man his own Horfeman,
the AUTHOR'S PREFACE. vii an ingenious profeffor in Dublin affured me it was a bull.

I have therefore adopted Academy; I think it is happily chofen, properly expreffive, and has, I think, been affixed to but one work of genius, viz. The Academy of Compliments, a publication, which, thanks to our prefent politenefs, is now fcarcely remembered.

The Academy for grown Horfemen, is a work that has coft me much labour, and the application of fome years, to complete. But, when I confider the vaft utility it may be of to my fellow creatures; . $\mathrm{A}_{2}$ that
viii $\quad \mathrm{FRAGMENT}$ OF
that they are to profit by it, and not myfelf:
" Sic vos non vobis, fertis aratra boves."
I flatter myfelf I have not wafted the midnight oil in vain, " and I look with pleafure on my book, giving it to the world with the fatisfaction of a man who has endeavoured to deferve well." May many be the necks it preferves for nobler purpofes.

I am happy in having met with an artift, who has illuftrated my

- ideas of horfemanfhip completely to my
the AUTHOR'S PREFACE. ix my wifhes, and I here beg leave thus publickly to acknowledge my obligations to him.

As I fhall be as concife and explicit as poffible in the valuable inftructions and difcoveries I am now about to communicate to the world; it will be the reader's own fault, if he does not profitably benefit by them. When I have told him how to chufe a horfe, how to tackle him properly, in what fort of drefs to ride him, how to mount and manage him, how to ride him out, and, above all, how to ride him home again; if he is not a complete horfeman in the courfe of ten

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\mathrm{x} \quad \mathrm{FRAGMENT}, \mathcal{E}^{\circ} .
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ten or dozen fummers, I will be bold to foretell, that neither the fkill of Mr. Aftley, nor the experience of Mr. John * Gilpin, will ever make him one.
"Nil defperandum, me duce Teucro."

* Mr. John Gilpin. The author mentions John, to diftinguifh him from William. Both thefe gentlemen are elegant and enlightened travellers, and have publifhed each their tour:-John, his to Edmonton, in 1782 ; William, his to Cumberland, in 1786.


## The EDITOR



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\mathrm{T} \mathbf{H} \mathrm{E}
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## EDITOR to the READER.

IT is to the fame propitious ftars, which refcued the creatures with the craws from perdition, that we are indebted for the recovery of the fragments that compofe this moft invaluable work. Fortune indeed was moft lavifh in her fmiles upon the Editor, by throwing at once before his fight, in an obfcure alehoufe near Limehoufe Hole, on their firft landing, the moft extraordinary bipeds that perhaps ever vifited this country; and to his much greater aftonifhment, fome manufcript fheets of his unfortunate friend, Mr. Geoffrey Gambado.

On comparing notes (by figns) with thefe ultramarine beings, he concluded, and with much reafon, that the abovementioned fheets were thrown
xii The E D I T OR to
thrown over board by the author (in hopes mankind might yet profit by the recovery of fome of them) at the moment the veffel that contained him, was going to the bottom ; which it is well known was the cafe, in the Gulph of Venice, a few days previous to the catching of the Craws; and in this furmife he foon found he was nearly right.

Two particular circumftances muft yet be noticed. The title page files Mr. Gambado Mafter of the Horfe, Riding Mafter, and Grand Equerry to the Doge of Venice; and fo in truth he was appointed in the year of our Lord 1785 .

Living in the habits of intimacy with him that the Editor did, he is competent not only to decide what his views were, but what were his fentiments of the Equeftrians of his own country, previous to his embarkation for Italy.

That he held in utter contempt the mode of riding commonly adopted in England, was obyious, from his never riding like any body elfe; and
and upon the Doge of Venice honouring him with the above appointments (and honorary it was fuppofed they were only meant to be) he was fo elated, that he inftantly packed up a portmanteua, bought two faddles, as many bridles, fix pair of fpatterdafhes, with fpurs affixed, a large roll of diaculum plaifter, two pair of patent ftirrups, with his MSS. works, (and providentially a few drawings from which the plates in this little volume are engraved); and in a few hours put himfelf on board a veffel for Triefte, which failed immediately, and was loft a few leagues from Ragufa. A failor (one of the few that efcaped by putting himfelf in a fifh-kettle, and tying it round his middle, having previoully painted it green *) has informed the Editor, that he faw the laft of Mr. Gambado; and his end was as fingular as his life had been. The veffel being expected to go to pieces every inftant, he drank a quart of

[^0]xiv The EDITOR to
hot punch, and came cooly on the deck; and having firft called up all the fortitude he was able, he next called up his fervant, with all the faddles and bridles that could be got; and having mounted himfelf on the largeft, and taking a bridle in one hand, and a paper cafe in the other, defired to be thrown into the fea. This was complied with, but the informant adds, that the boatfwain being fomewhat defirous to fave his life likewife, haftily jumped up behind the unfortunate Gambado, and he apprehends that the faddle, although new and large, was not mafter of his additional weight, for it dropt with fuch precipitancy as to throw our Author out of his feat, and his foot catching and hanging in the ftirrup *, foon put an end to his mortal career. And it mult be confeffed that he made his exit en parfait cavalier; and an honour to

[^1]the READER.
his leather he was*. The boatfwain was faved. by laying faft hold on the crupper.

The Editor (befides the friendfhip he entertained for this great man), cannot help thinking it is a thoufand pities, he fhould have been loft in fo foolifh a manner. But fuch was his rapture at the honours conferred on him by the Doge, and fuch his difguft for Britifh horfemanfhip, that delicacy reftrained his friends from acquainting him there was no fuch a thing as a horfe to be found in all Venice; and yet they have not a doubt, if he had been apprized of this circumftance in time, he never would have embarked for that capital at all.

When the Craws were firft picked up in their pleafure-boat, it was obferved they were all over white patches; upon examination it appeared that they were fheets of paper artfully faftened

[^2]xvi The EDITOR to
round them with ftrings of fea-weeds, and the failors, from the impulfe of curiofity, lifting fome of them up, difcovered hand-writing underneath. It fhould feem that thefe modeft creatures had undoubtedly picked up the papers floating on the furface of the ocean, and converted them to the fame ufe our firft parents did the figleaves. This is however but a conjecture of the Editor; who certainly met with the fragments of his friend's intended book, in the fame place where he firft faw the Craws, and where he was told the circumftance of their having worn them. It is left to the deeper fearchers into the wonders of nature (and who are now puzzling to refolve from whence the ladies and gentlemen now lodging at Mr. Becket's, the trunk-maker, in the Haymarket, can poffibly come), to determine whether the prefervation of the following fheets, is owing to an innate modefty in the creatures with monftrous craws, or to their natural admiration for learning, and a wifh to preferve
THE R E A D E R. xvii
ferve fheets, although adorned with characters totally unknown, and unintelligible to them.

It was neceffary for the Editor to explain how he came poffeffed of the few materials that compofe this work. Having done this, he has only to add, that he has recovered a part only of the Author's preface, a few drawings, fome notes, an anecdote or two, and about twenty pages of inftructions to grown horfemen; but fo broken and unconnected, that had he attempted the putting them together, he muft have formed a book of his own: Having however, a thorough fenfe of the fuperior abilities of the original Author, he wifhes rather to give them to the public in fcraps as he received them, but arranged to the beft of his ability. And he may be bold to add, that as morceaus choice as thefe, would not fall every day into their mouths, were they to hold
xviii The EDITOR to
hold them inceffantly open, the public would fwallow them with avidity, and digef them, either immediately, or at their leifure.

The notes that are preferved, are written in a hand unknown to the Editor, and are evidently the remarks of fome good-natured friend of Mr . Gambado. By the ingenuity of many of them, and their peculiarity of Atile, they bear ftrong marks of the mafterly pen that produced the annotation to the firt editions of Mr, Bell's Shakefpeare. The portrait of the Author, prefixed, is engraved from a drawing by another of his friends, done from memory; it is like, but a likenefs that tinctures of the prejudice of friendfhip. Jeffery was not fo flim, or was his eye fo poignant ; nor was he ever known to be poffeffed of a pair of boots himfelf, though he often mentions boots in his writings.

Of late years, many portraits of celebrated men have been given to the public from memory: Mr. Mafon has favoured us with a moft formida-

THE READER, xix
ble likenefs of Gray the Poet; another eminent writer has treated us with one of the noted Charles Price; and we are now furnifhed, with by no means, a fmall refemblance of Jeffery Gambado.

Of Jeffery, or as he himfelf defired it to be wrote, Geoffrey Gambado, little is known of the defcent : but that his father was a taylor, he himfelf has affured me; and that he lived in Devonfhire is no lefs certain. Being a prodigious horfeman (his cuftomers living all at a confiderable diftance from him) I make no doubt but it was in allufion to him, that the term of " riding like a taylor" took its rife. A term fill particularly applicable to the natives of that county.

The inhabitants of Yorkfhire and the vicinity of Newmarket may turn it into ridicule if they pleafe, but it was meant as highly complimentary and honourable to that valuable body of men. Was not the flying highwayman a taylor? were not three parts of General Elliott's dragoons taylors?
xx The EDITOR, $\mathcal{E}^{\circ}$.
taylors? and was not he who made that dangrous excurfion to Brentford, a taylor?

We are told in a preliminary advertifement to the Tale of the Recefs, that "the breaks in the ftory only tend to heighten the pathetic." A hope attends the editor, that the breaks in the enfuing work will only ferve to give the reader a greater relifh of what remains of it, and prevent the glut generally accompanying " too much of a good thing."

## $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { A } & \text { C } & \text { A } & \text { D } & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{M} & \mathrm{Y}\end{array}$

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F O R
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## GROWN HORSEMEN.

THE World has been fo long mifled by the falfe notions of Horfemanfhip, adopted, and induftrioufly circulated by Newcaftle, La Foffe, Pembroke, and Berenger; fo infatuated by the fantaftick tricks of Sir Sidney Meadows, and fo blinded by the airy coolnefs of a Percival and his imitators, that it may poffibly prove a difficult tafk to convince any one perfon, in this wrongheaded age, that the theory of the firft mentioned gentlemen, and the practice of C the

## 2 AN ACADEMY FOR

the latter, are entirely founded in error, and calculated merely to break the necks of his Majefty's moft faithful fubjects.

I fhall endeavour to prove, and I flatter myfelf to conviction, that the above mentioned authors are grofsly miftaken in all their opinions upon the noble art and fcience of horfemanhip; that even their ideas of the proud animal himfelf are partial and ill-founded; that the French Parrocel, and the Flemifh Wouvermans, drew fuch horfes as never exifted; and that when we do meet with a horfe, that in the leaft refembles their defigns, he is bad and dangerous in the extreme.

It is a melancholy truth, that our breed of horfes is terribly degenerated, but indeed the national tafte is fallen off proportionably; nothing now is to be feen but bred horfes; every apprentice muft beftride a bit of blood. A bit of blood!

## GROWN HORSEMEN.

blood! and well may they be termed fo, for neither flefh nor bone have they to boaft of.

> There is indeed one breed of horfes ftill extant, which might, and indeed ought to, be brought into more play. I mean what is vulgarly called the dray-horfe *. This, I profefs, is a noble animal, and admirably calculated to make a figure

[^3]
## 4 AN ACADEMY FOR

either on the road, or in the field. Scarce one of them but is mafter of thirty ftone or upwards. What a fublime fcene would it be, to fee fourfcore or a hundred of thefe animals on the full fretch over a piece of wheat, to catch fight of a hound. It would require the pen of Homer to defcribe fuch a fpectacle.

On the road, what dangers do we incur from the weaknefs of our horfes! The pitiful fpiderlegged things of this age fly into a ditch with you, at the fight of a pocket handkerchief, or the blowing of your nofe; whereas mount one of thefe, and the world cannot alter your route : Meet a higler's cart, he will ftop it, either with his own head or your leg; fall in with a hackney coach, and he will carry you flap dafh againft it.

*     *         *             *                 * As a purchafer, it is immaterial whether you go to Tatterfall's, or Aldridge's, to Meynell's Hunt, or his Majefty's, it is probable you will be taken in wherever you go. * * * * *


## GROWN HORSEMEN. 5

To define a perfect horfe is nearly impoffible, and to tell you where to buy one, completely fo. However, I fhall endeavour to defcribe fuch outward beauties and active qualifications, as are requifite to the compofition of one; and fhould fuch a phœnix fall in your way (and the tafte of thefe times are fo vilely perverted, I believe you have a better chance at prefent than you would have had fome years back) I hope you will not let him flip through your fingers.

The heighth of a horfe is perfectly immaterial, provided he is higher behind than before. Nothing is more pleafing to a traveller than the fenfation of continually getting forward; whereas the riding a horfe of a contrary make, is like fwarming the bannifters of a ftair-cafe, when, though perhaps you really advance, you feel as if you were going backwards.

Let him carry his head low, that he may have

## 6 AN ACADEMY FOR

an eye to the ground, and fee the better where he fteps.

The lefs he lifts his fore legs, the eafier he will move for his rider, and he will likewife brufh all the ftones out of his way, which might otherwife throw him down. If he turns out his toes as well as he fhould do, he will then difperfe them to the right and the left, and not have the trouble of kicking the fame fone a fecond time. .

A bald face, wall eyes, and white legs (if your horfe is not a grey one) is to be preferr'd ; as, in the night, although you may ride againft what you pleafe, yourfelf, no one will ride againft you.

His nofe cannot project too much from his neck, for by keeping a conftant tight rein on him, you will then fit as firm as if you were held on.

A horfe's ears cannot well be too long: a judicious

## GROWN HORSEMEN.

dicious rider fteers his courfe, by fixing his eyes between them. Were he cropt, and that as clofe as we fometimes fee them now a days, in a dulky evening the rider might wander the lord knows where.

I have found many perfons who have purchafed horfes of me, very inquifitive and troublefome about their eyes; indeed as much fo, as if their eyes were any way concerned in the action of the animal. As I know they are not, I give myfelf very little trouble about them. If a rider is in full poffeffion of his own, what his horfe has, is perfectly immaterial; having probably a bridle in his mouth to direct him where to go, and to lift him up with again, if he tumbles down. Any gentleman chufing, indeed, to ride without a bridle, fhould look pretty fharp at a horfe's eyes before he buys him: be well fatisfied with his method

## 8 AN ACADEMY FOR

of going, be very certain that he is docile, and will ftop fhort with a " Wohey *," and, after all, be rather fcrupulous where he rides him. Let no man tell me that a blind horfe is not a match for one with the beft of eyes, when it is fo dark that he cannot fee: and when he can, it is to be fuppofed the gentleman upon his back can, as well as he ; and then, if he rides with a bridle, what has he to fear? I flatter myfelf, I have proved as clear as day, that cyes are of little confequence; and as I am, no doubt, the firft author that has made it known, my readers, if they lofe no time, may mount themfelves at Aldridge's, or the Rhedarium, as well, and for half the money they would have done, before I let them into this fecret.

[^4]
## GROWN HORSEMEN.

Be fure to buy a broken knee'd horfe, whenever he falls in your way: the beft bit of flefh that ever was croffed will certainly come down one day or another ; whereas one that has fallen, (and fcarified himfelf pretty much) never will again if he can help it.

Spavins, fplints, corns, mallenders, fallenders, Ec. Ec. being all curable, are beneath your notice. A few of thefe little infirmities in your ftable, is always a fubject of converfation, and you may, perhaps, now and then want one; it will likewife juftify you to your lady, in embellifhing your bookcafe with Bracken, Gibfon, Bartlett, and Griffiths; excellent authors in their way, and extremely ufeful! for you will have no occafion to be fending for an apothecary upon every trifling ailment in your family, but will know yourfelf how to make up a good ftout and effectual dofe of phyfic for your wife or fervants, in the goofeberry fcafon, and at the fall of the leaf.

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## AN ACADEMY FOR

I would recommend a long tail, if it is to be had for love or money; if that is not to be got, buy a horfe with a rat tail, if poffible; though inferior in point of convenience to the former, there is a je ne fai quoi of comicality about it, that inclines us to merriment whenever it makes its appearance. There is one inconvenience attending long tails in fummer (when the poor animals have moft need of them) ; and that is, horfes full of grafs are very fubject to fcourings; in this cafe ride your horfe with his tail in a bag, or elfe he may annoy you.

Having defcribed for my reader a horfe, and I hope he likes him, I would fain form as complete a horfeman, and having fo done, my ambition would be gratified, my end anfwered, and I would never ride again myfelf, as long as I liv'd,

## GROWN HORSEMEN. 11

Few writers on this fubject have thought it neceffary to prefcribe any peculiar mode of drefs to equeftrians. I am fuch a zealot about the propriety of their appearance, that I think too much cannot be faid on the fubject. Heav'ns! how are the laws degraded fince the abolition of full bottoms * in our Courts of Juftice: I attribute the encreafe of thievery to it, and firmly believe, that ten men are hanged for every inch curtailed in a Judge's wig.

The Editor can only attribute the fingularity of the ten or a dozen lines that follow, to their having been written after dinner; Mr. Gambado being fond of pufhing the bottle about brifkly. His annotator feems to think the fame; indeed, if he was the author's friend, he was a very im-

[^5]
## 12 AN ACADEMY FOR

 partial one, for his criticifms pretty often border on the fevere.Bias, I think it is, that obferves, the tout enfemble fhould be attended to in every thing; he judicioufly remarks, that a beautiful woman illdreft would be much better, undreft; and he fays much the fame of rabbits and onions, but I forgot how he brings that to bear. The clear headed reader will foon perceive I have an eye at him; and having provided him with a fteed, I would wifh to make his rider a match for him; for your rider is half the battle *.

Touching

* Was ever fo much abfurdity crammed into fo few lines! Our
author could not be, ipfe, he, when he wrote this! Bias talk French!
O cœlum in terra! and be a judge of a Lady's drefs too! and under-
ftand cookery likewife! Why, Mr. Gambado, you really endow
him with more talents than fell to the lot of the admirable Crichton,
and you forget, do you, how he brings that to bear; and fo do I toc,
upon my word. As to your having an eye at the reader, I don't
believe it : like our honel friend Homer, I fancy, this was your time,
to have been put to bed.


## GROWN HORSEMEN.

Touching the apparel then, I will begin at top. Wear a wig, if poffible, and fhould you be a fportfman and hunt the * foreft, the larger and whiter it is, the fafer for you: for fhould your horfe prove, what is properly termed too many for you, and make off, nothing but the fingularity of your appearance can reftore you to your difconfolate family $\dagger$. The hallooing and hooting of the boys that this will occafion, will enable your friends to trace you through moft of the villages you may have paft; and at the worft to know, in what part of the country to have you cried.

Half the battle, how vulgar! Our immortal bard, as they call him, in his higheft vagaries never was fo low as this!

* The flag hunt in Epping Foreft on Eafter Monday is fuppofed to be the moft friking and fuperb chafe in Europe. To this the author probably alludes.
$\dagger$ The author is here philanthropically amiable; and if the reftoring a long loft hufband to the arms of his fpoufe, has any claim to public reward, we fhould not grudge it a moment to his white wig, whilf we are lavifhingly beftowing it on ufelefs quackeries.

I never

## 14 AN ACADEMY FOR

I never admired a round hat, but with a large wig, it is infupportable; and in truth, a moft puerile ornament for the head of a fober man. In windy weather you are blinded with it; and the ingenious artift I have employed to decorate this work with his defigns, has very forcibly portrayed the inconvenience, and even danger of a hat of this fort, to a man of bufinefs. * By a man of bufinefs is not meant a Lord of the Treafury or a Commiffioner of Accounts, but what is called on the road, a rider, a bag-man or bagfter.

A cock'd hat, befides this advantage over its competitor, and the dignity it gives to the moft unhappy countenance, has fo many others, that it is wonderful to me, it is not univerfally worn, but more particularly by equeftrians. If in

[^6]windy

## GROWN HORSEMEN.

windy weather, you are blinded, in rainy, you are deluged by a round hat; whereas one properly cock'd, will retain the water till you arrive at your baiting place, and keep your head (which riding might have heated) agreeably cool; having much the fame effect on it, that a pan of. water has upon a flower pot.

Let your boots be fomewat fhort, and the knees of your breeches but juft reach the joint, fo that the flap of your faddle (and obferve a fingle flapped faddle is the genteeleft) may be continually curling up, and chafing you between the confines of the boot and breeches, by which means, you will be fatisfied that your leg is in a proper pofition.

Much of the author's friendly advice, as to drefs,

## 16 AN ACADEMY FOR

drefs, is wanting ; but the editor recollects he was a warm advocate for the riding in black plufh breeches in fummer: and ever recommended a coat of pompadour, or fome confpicuous colour, for the fame obvious reafon, that he thought a large wig of fuch moment.

You may wear fpurs, if you are not afraid; and the exercifing them a good deal, will keep your blood in proper circulation, and prevent your toes from being cold.

Be very careful to fpur your horfe in the fhoulders only ; there he has moft feeling, becaufe he has moft veins; befides, by fpurring at his body, five times in fix, your labour is loft; if you are a fhort man, you fpur the faddle cloth; if you are leggy you never touch him at all; and if middling, you only wear out your own girths, without your horfe being a bit the better for it.

Elegance

Elegance of pofition is to be confidered as particularly effential to every gentleman that appears on horfeback in publick. And I fhall endeavour to point out, what moft immediately conftitutes it.

The mode of leaning the body pretty forward over the pommel of the faddle, in a walk or a trot, has been too little in practice of late years, and it is high time it fhould be revived. There is an appearance of airinefs in it, that embellifhes the figure of a rider very much indeed; particularly if he be mounted on a long back'd horfe, who throws his faddle well forward, and is unencumber'd with a crupper: here, he exhibits an elegant picture of carelefs indifference, and feems, contemptuoufly, to leave all the world behind him.

By the bye, I have obferved many a worthy citizen fent on a Sunday into Hyde Park, crupper'd up as tight as need be: but be very fhy of a E crupper.

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crupper, gentle reader, if your horfe naturally throws his faddle forward. It will certainly make his tail fore, fet him a kicking, and very likely, bring you into trouble. Experto crede.

If then, you bend your body well forward, your rump fticking properly out behind, with your legs projected, I fhall have hopes of you; you cannot I think fail of foon equalling my moft fanguine expectations; and, after having attained this excellence (an excellence, let me tell you, arrived at but by few, and thofe, men of the firft knowledge and fcience, fuch as the Fellows of Colleges, the Livery-men of London, or, perhaps the crew of a man of war) I would advife you, without delay, to attempt another ftep towards equeftrian perfection; that is, on riding either eaftward or weftward, to make your toes point due north and fouth, or vice verfa.

Thus your fpurs may be brought into play, with little or no exertion; and thus, in turning fharp

## GROWN HORSEMEN.

fharp round a poft, your horfe may be prevented from hurting himfelf by running againft it *.

The ftanding up in your ftirrups, whilft trotting, in the above pofition, has a mof elegant and genteel effect ; and I would have you make an effay to accomplifh it, no doubt you will fucceed, if you have the genius I take you to have.

A horfe has various methods of getting rid of his man; at prefent, I will only advert to one. If your horfe tumbles down with you, he will fometimes get up again, and fhould you not do the fame in concert with him, and your foot remain in the ftirrup, he may probably extend your airing whilft you remain in that aukward pofition; and however defirous you may be to remain behind, on you muft go, during his pleafure. Now, of all the ways of conveyance that I have liad a tafte of, this is the leaft agreeable; if it flould be the fame to you, provide yourfelf

* More Philanthropy.

E 2
with

## 20 <br> AN ACADEMY FOR

with a pair of patent ftirrups; with them, your attachment to your horfe may be as fhort as you pleafe; they have done wonders; can I fay more? I am happy in being able to bear teftimony of their aftonifhing efficacy in the cafe of a friend of mine, the Rev. Mr. C-, A. M. when of Pembroke College, Cambridge; by tranfcribing his own words at the conclufion of an advertifement he inferted in all the papers, addreffed to the patentee. Having purchafed a pair of his firrups, and falling, one afternoon, as he was accuftomed, from his horfe, he fays, " but thanks to providence, and your noble invention, $m \dot{y} \operatorname{leg}$ and your firrup coming off at the fame inftant, I efcaped unhurt." To what a pitch of perfection is human ingenuity arrived!

The being able to guide a horfe, is a matter of fome moment on the road, though it may not be fo any where elfe; and I would advife you always

## GROWN HORSEMEN.

to ride with a lafh whip; it fhews the fportfman, and will affift you much in your ftecrage. If your horfe bears too much to the right, of courfe you drop the reins entirely on that fide, and pull them up fharp, with both hands, on the other; but if that does not anfwer, you muft refer to your whip, and a good fmart cut over his right cheek and eye, will foon fet him ftraight again. This is the mode you will fee adopted by every judicicus pig-driver *, and I am told, that a pig is efteemed, by judges, to bc far more averfe to direct progreffion, than a horfe.

Lucan informs us, that the Maffilians $t$ rode without

* A very in-judicious remark this; were a Pig to be driven in a hard and fharp, or a Weymouth, and a horfe in a packthread ticd to. his hind leg, it is a matter of doubt with me, whether the latter would drive fo handy as the former. As pigs now can play at cards as well as horfes, I think it is but fair to fuppofe them capable of dancing a minuet with equal activity and grace; whatever Mr. Aftley may. alledge to the contrary. The author is very hard upon pigs.
+ Our author feems fond of a bit of foreign language, his Latin, I fuppofe, he was fupplied with by the parfon of the parifh; his French,

I know,

## 22 AN ACADEMY FOR

without bridles, and guided their horfes with a fwitch:
"Et gens quæ nudo rcfidens Maffilia dorfo"
"Ora levi flectit, frœnorum nefcia virga."
Luc.
" Without a bridle on the bare back,"
" Make with a fick their horfe or mare tack."
Virgil fays the fame of the Numidians:
" Et Numidæ infreni cingunt."
Æn. 4
" See Numidians, on horfes unbridled approach."

I know, he got from his father's journeyman, who (according to the old man's own phrafe) was taught to diflocate coats at Paris. The Maffilians are here lugged in, for the fake of the Latin verfes, or to cry down the ufe of bridles; but, as I am one of thofe gentlemen, who had rather ride with a bridle, than zuithout one; and as he muft ranfack the blackguard clafficks for fcraps of quotations, I will meet him, and as Sir Sampfon Legend fays in the play, "Try whether my blackguard or his fhall get the better of the day."
"Equi fine frœenis, deformis iple curfus rigidâ cervice, et extento capite, currentium."-..---Livy, B. 7 .

## GROWN HORSEMEN. 23

Good riding this; but as to the fwitch, I'll maintain it that a whole or a half hunter* would be more efficacious; and as to the riding, good as it is, if Julius Cæfar did not cut out both Maffilians and Numidians I'll be d- $\mathrm{d} \dagger$; and the reader will agree with me, when I produce my authority for his horfemanfhip, which is no lefs a character than Montaigne.
"On dit de Cæfar, qu'en fa jeuneffe, monte a dos fur un cheval et fans bride, il lui faifoit prendre carriere les mains tournees derniere le dos $\ddagger$."

It is extremely wrong to put a gentleman on a reftive horfe $\|$, when he is going out on bufinefs,

* Whips, fo denominated.
+ Hey day! a new method this of laying down the law. If you go on thus, Mr. Author, the law will take you up in return; and it will coft you fome fhillings before you come to the end of your book.
$\ddagger$ " It is faid of Cæfar, that in his youth, being mounted on a horfe's bare back, and without a bridle, he could make him perform his paces with his hands behind him."-Montaigne.
|| A frange epithet this, and I wonder who coined it; tell me of a rufty horle, and I fhall know what it means, for I know what ruly locks are, and rufty weathercocks.


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or invited to dinner in the neighbourhood. In the firft inftance, if a man is not punctual, his credit is lowered; and making an apology for his horfe will feldom be admitted; nor will any one make allowances for a gueft, if his horfe has ftopt and turned round five thoufand times with him, in five hundred yards, fhould the turtle be fpoiled or the venifon over-roafted.

In fuch cafes, gentle reader, I fhould difinount and walk; but if you are averfe to that, and you find that the beaft will not go forward, let him have his whim, and go backwards, only take care to point his head the wrong way *, he will carry you pleafant enough fo; but you muft keep your own head well employed over both fhoulders, or it may not anfwer at laft.

Be provided with a horfe block, it is a fine affiftant in mounting, and I am amazed any gen-

[^7]
## GROWN HORSEMEN.

tleman fhould be without one. The only danger I know attending it, is, that in your eagernefs to mount, you may, by over-exerting yourfelf, lofe your equipoife, and pitch upon your head on the off fide of your horfe. This has frequently happened to a friend of mine; but if you are cool and temperate, you will take your feat with eafe and convenience. By mounting thus, you avoid all danger of being kicked, or bit which is more likely: as if you are a fhort man, by ftretching out your toe, to get it fufficiently into the ftirrup, you are very apt to tickle your horfe under the elbow, and he will then infallibly attack you in the rear with his teeth. Befides the manifeft advantage in a horfeblock, it is a pretty airy ornament to the front of a houfe, and moreover, fhews that the mafter of it, is a horfeman; which, let me tell you, every man that lives by the road fide is not. A horfe is fometimes fhy of thefe blocks, if yours fhould be fo, talk to him a little, fcratch his nofe, and

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ufe fome gentle endearing method or other; and, I believe, the beft of all is, to bid your foot boy, who leads him up to it, give him two or three fmart kicks in the belly on the off fide.

You are now mounted, and no doubt, anxious to fet off: here then, obferve my advice.

Before ever your horfe gets into motion, clap both your fpurs into him pretty fharp: this will fet him agoing for the whole day, and fhew him you have fpurs on, which, if he did not know, he might incline to be idle. I do not think there can be a more approved mode of fetting off than this is, but I muft caution you, that the furprize will generally caufe your horfe to break wind, and with a pretty fmart explofion too: * Let not this ruffle you; $\dagger$ many a worthy man

[^8]has loft his feat by fo fudden an alarm: but ufe will foon reconcile you to it, as it does the rifing of a covey of birds to a young fportfman. Thus, then, you go off with eclat, provided nothing is in your horfe's way, and if there is, you have put him fo on his mettle, he will probably leap over it. Indeed, it is far from improbable, that he may run away with you, but if he does, you will make a moft fpirited appearance, as my ingenious elucidator fhews you in the annexed plate.

When a man is once well run away with, the firft thing that occurs to him, I imagine, is how to ftop his horfe; but men by no means agrce in their modes of bringing this matter about. Some will run him at a ditch, which I allow to be a promifing experiment, if he leaps ill, or not at all. Frenchmen, (and the French arc cxccllent horfemen) will ride againft one another ; no bad way either: and I have feen riders make directly for a ftable (if a door happens to be open) and with good effect. How Julius Cæfar flopped his F 2 horfe,

## 28 AN ACADEMY FOR

horfe, when he rode with his hands behind him, I am at a lofs to divine.

I remember feeing an ingenious Frenchman make four experiments upon Newmarket Heath, in only one of which he fucceeded. His horfe made away with him whilft Gimcrack was running a match, and the Count's hopes of ftopping him being but fmall, he contrived to turn him acrofs the courfe, and rode flap-dafh at Gimcrack, hoping to effect it by a broadfide; but he was too quick for him, and he miffed his aim. He then made full at Lord March, but unluckily only took him flanting: baffled in this fecond attempt, he relied on the Devil's ditch, as a certain check to his career; but his horfe carried him clean over, fafe and well: and had not the: rubbing-houfe prefented itfelf to his view, he affured me, he believed he fhould have foon reached London; dafhing at this, with a true French fpirit, he produced the defired effect; his. horfe, not being able to proceed, ftopped, and
that fo fuddenly, that the Earl of Pembroke himfelf would have been diflodged, and old Newcaftle lain with his mother Earth. The Count, it is true, came off, but tolerably well; the horfe broke his head, and the Count likewife; fo that according to the ancient opinion of two negatives making an affirmative, little or no harm was done.

Having faid thus much on the fubject of being run away with, it is neceffary I fhould decide, for the benefit of my readers, on the means I moft approve of forputting a ftop to fuch doings; and I am clearly for the ftable door; if, entering it full fpeed, you fhould be afraid of your head, fpread out your legs fufficiently, and your horfe: will go in without you.

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In riding the road, obferve in paffing a whifky, a phaeton or a ftage coach, in fhort any carriage where the driver fits on the right hand, to pafs. it on that fide, he may not fee you on the other, and:
and though you may meet with a lafh in the eye, what is the lofs of an eye to a leg or perhaps neck.

Should a man on horfeback be on the road, and leading another horfe, always dafh by the led one, you might otherwife fet the man's horfe capering, and perhaps throw him off; and you can get but a kick or two by obferving my inftructions.

Take care never to throw your horfe down, it is an unlucky trick and fit only for boys. Many gentlemen of my acquaintance, and I too, have been thrown down by our horfes; yet I fcarce know an inftance upon record of a gentleman throwing his horfe down; but many have complained to me of their fervants doing it for them.

In paffing a waggon or any tremendous equipage, fhould it run pretty near a bank, and there be but a ditch, and an open country in the other fide, if you are ón bufinefs and in a hurry, dafh

## GROWN HORSEMEN. $3^{1}$

up the bank without hefitation; for fhould you take the other fide, and your horfe fhy at the carriage, you may be carried many hundred yards out of your road; whereas by a little effort of courage, you need only graze the wheel, fly up the bank, and by flipping or tumbling down into the road again, go little or nothing out of your way.

I have given you the above hints, fuppofing you are now at home enough on horfeback, to ride out alone, and may poffibly be tempted to travel the road; as either the lucre of gain, or the univerfal paffion, as a celebrated author calls the love of Fame, may fend you forth.

Let me entreat you to examine your tackling well at fetting out, particularly from an inn, and after dinner : fee that your girths are tight; many a good fall have I got by not attending to this. Hoftlers are too apt to be carelefs, and ought never to be paid till we fee them the next time.
time.* An inftance of a fingular nature occurred at Huntingdon a few years fince to the Rev. D. B. of Jefus College in Cambridge ; which has given a difcovery to the world (productive indeed of a paper war) but which may turn out beneficial to mankind, as it proves 3 to be equal to 4 . The Doctor dined at the Crown, it was dufk


#### Abstract

* A learned dancing mafter in the univerfity of Oxford, who taught politenefs alfo, and publifhed a book upon that fubject, fixed the fame period for paffing a ftile, in fome cafes, that is here judicioufly recommended for the payment of an hoftler: his precept was, that a well bred man meeting another, on the oppofite fide of a ftile, ought on no account to be perfuaded to go over firft. The name of this ingenious author was Towle. Had two zealous pupils of his fchool met each other at a ftile, it is fuppofed they muft have concluded their lives on the premifes. Unlefs the author had fubjoined to his work that ufeful calendar, in which, as the poet conjectures, fuch periods are afcertained.


> It is a Period no where to be found, In all the hoary regifters of Time : Except perchance in the Fool's Calendar.

It is a pity that fo defriable an addition has been omitted by the Author of this treatife alfo,

## GROWN HORSEMEN. 33

when he fet out northwards: I myfelf faw $3^{\text {s. }}$ charged in his bill for wine; this accounts for his want of obfervation; for the hoftler's, I muft attribute it to his having been paid beforehand. The Doctor went off at a fpurt, pretty much in the manner I have recommended, and having got clear of the pavement, wifhed to (what is called) mend his pace; but his horfe was obdurate, and all his influence could not prevail. The Doctor fancied, at times, he went oddly, and therefore brought to at Alconbury, five miles from Huntingdon, and alighted for an examination: when he difcovered that the hoftler, through inattention, had buckled up one of the horfe's hind legs in the furcingle: and to this alone he had to attribute his hobbling way of going.

There was an * hoftler at Barnet, who was a moralift ; poffibly this at Huntingdon was an experimental philofpher, and thought an old member of the Univerfity the propereft fubject to put

[^9]
## AN ACADEMY FOR

his experiment in execution. It certainly anfwered, as far as five miles; but how it would fucceed in bringing horfes of different forms together over Newmarket, I am not competent to determine. It feems as if one might work a lame horfe thus, and keep his unfound leg quiet. If this experiment has been repeated, it has been in private, for I have not heard of it; and I much queftion if it would ever be generally adopted; when I fay generally, no reflection upon General officers. A timid Major however, might keep his horfe in due fubjection on a review day, by this method.

If I have much varied from the inftructions laid down by my fellow countrymen in the art of horfemanfhip, it is poffibly in my recommending the fhoulder as the proper place to apply the fpurs to. In this I am fupported by no lefs a man than Virgil; and your Romans excelled as much in riding as they did in fighting. Virgil was an eye witnefs, and could not err, and a man of

## GROWN HORSEMEN.

veracity, and would not lye : he tells us the exact feat of a Roman Dragoon, and very fimilar it is to that of our own heavy Dragoons.
"Seu fpumantis equi, foderet calcaribus armos."
Find me a Schoolmafter hardened enough to deny that armos fignifies the fhoulders, and nothing elfe! Had the Duke of Newcaftle or Mr. Angelo underftood a word of Latin, they could not have lived fo long in error ; and perfevered in prefcribing a feat on horfeback fo uncertain and ticklifh as they have done.

The publication of this work, however, will doubtlefs have its effect ; nor do I much defpair of finding many judges (of riding I mean) coalefce in fentiment with me; or of the feat I recommend, being pretty univerfally adopted. For as the Poet fays, (I forget where I have met with the line)
"Serius aut citius fedem properamus ad unam." *

* Very indelicate indeed this quotation.

I flatter
$3^{6} \quad$ AN ACADEMY, \&c.
I flatter myfelf with the hope, of ftill feeing in Hyde Park a grand difplay of my fyftem of equiftation ; and not a Sunday flide by, without beholding fome promifing elêve

Fearful to be late,
Scour the new road, and dafh thro' Grofvenor Gate ;
Anxious and fearful too his fteed to fhew,
The hack Bucephalus of Rotten Row;
Carclefs he feems, yet vigilantly fly,
Woo's the frange glance of ladies paffing by ;
Whilft his left heel, infidioufly afide,
Provokes the caper that he feems to chide."

The Editor is extremely forry to inform the reader, that not a line more was found upon the monftrous Craws; but he hopes his friend's abilities appear fufficiently confpicuous, by what remains of this inftructive work.

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\mathrm{T} H \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{E} N \mathrm{D} \text {. }
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[^0]:    * It is imagined Mr. Lunardi has fallen in with this man. N. B. Not into the Sea.

[^1]:    * His patent flirrups were probably packed up, or the Author would at leaft, have had a fwim for it.

[^2]:    * An honour to his Cloth-is applied to many a drunken Parfon; and I do not fee why. To Geoffrey, Leather is more fuitable.

[^3]:    * Or rather $d r a$-horfe. The mof ufeful animal in the creation, and refpected by all antiquity. His name is immediately derived from the Greek verb $\delta_{\rho} \alpha \omega$, i. e. $d r a o$, to do or work; becaufe it was found that he could do more work than any other horfe. The vehicle drawn by him was alfo well known to the Greeks by the name of dray, or rather dra; and it was in this carriage, and not in a waggon, as is vulgarly fuppofed, that Thefpis carried his flage and actors. Hence the title of $d r a$-ma and dra-matic, univerfally applied to all theatrical pieces. The Greek critics refer the invention of fuch works to the Doric tribes, becaufe this very word drao was peculiar to the Doric dialect. If this account be correct, thofe tribes were alfo, without doubt, the firlt breeders of dra-horfes; an encomium of high value among a people who derived many honourable epithets, as well as proper names, from kill and zeal in breeding and managing horfcs.

[^4]:    * I have fearched Chambers and Johnfon for this Wohey! but cannot find him. I do not recollect fuch a word in all Shakefpeare, and he dealt at large in the language. Neither is it to be met with in Mafter Bailey's delicate Collection of Provincialifms. What is Wohey?

[^5]:    * He might have added, how are our Ladies improved by the adoption of them.

    D 2
    partial

[^6]:    * Would it be a very bold affertion to hazard, that, by a Lord of the Treafury, or a Commiffioner of Accounts, is not meant a Man of Bufinefs? perhaps not.

[^7]:    * I clearly fee the author's meaning here : if he travels backwards, and the nag's head was the right way, he would never get his dinner, and it mult be wrong not to go when invited.-Recte Domine.

[^8]:    * Indecent in a high degree.
    + This is the fecond time the Author talks of a warthy man; poffibly he means a man worth a good deal of money, alluding to our cockneys. But he fhould be more explicit when he treats on fo ferious a fubject. Worthy, or unworthy, a man fhould not lofe his life for a fore tail or a $f-t$.

[^9]:    * James Ripley, many years, and till very lately, hoftler at the Red Lion, publifhed a Volume of Letters.

